ODF Framework of GoM



Launch of Swachh Maharashtra Mission (U)



Government of Maharashtra envisages "ODF Communities" moving towards "ODF+ and ODF++ Communities" by addressing entire service chain of sanitation and not focusing only on number of toilets constructed.

GoM's Vision & Objectives

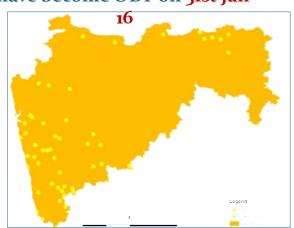
Swachh Maharashtra Mission

- Make and sustain cities to be ODF
- Move towards universal access to individual toilets and ensure usage
- Ensure quality of construction of toilets as a strategy for sustainability
- Move "beyond toilets" Focus on faecal waste management and liquid waste management

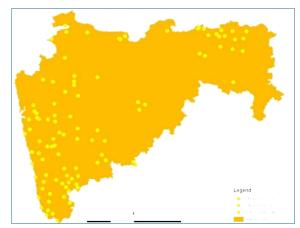
Key Achievements

At National Level, Maharashtra is 3rd in toilet construction

52 councils and 1 Corporation have become ODF on 31st Jan'

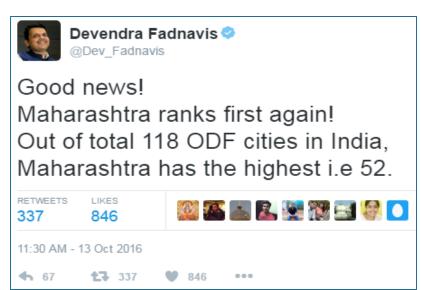


100 cities have become ODF on o2nd Oct' 16



86 cities certified ODF by **MoUD** through third party verification







Target

To become ODF Maharashtra by 2nd October 2017

ODF , **ODF** +, **ODF** ++ Framework

	Elimination of OD Practices	Access to toilets	Conveyance and treatment of waste
ODF City	At any time of the day at any location in the city not a single person should be seen defecating in the open. Also no traces of human faeces must be seen.	Every household, organization and all other properties must have access to toilets (either individual, group or community toilet)	All the toilets in the city are connected to a safe disposal system
ODF+ City	At any time of the day at any location in the city not a single person should be seen defecating in the open. Also no traces of human faeces must be seen.	Every household, organization and all other properties must have access to toilets. At least 80% of the households in the city must have an individual toilet The rest of the households must have access to group /community/public toilet (maximum 6 HHs per seat) and must use it regularly.	All the toilets in the city are connected to a safe disposal system. Safe, regular management and treatment of the septage. (In case the toilets have been connected to a septic tank the septage from these tanks must be cleaned and treated regularly)
ODF++ City	At any time of the day at any location in the city not a single person should be seen defecating in the open. Also no traces of human faeces must be seen.	Every household, organization and all other properties must have access to toilets. At least 95% of the households in the city must have an individual toilet The rest of the households must have access to group /community/public toilet (maximum 6 HHs per seat) and must use it regularly.	All the toilets in the city are connected to a safe disposal system. Safe, regular management and treatment of the septage. (In case the toilets have been connected to a septic tank the septage and the waste water from these tanks must be cleaned and treated regularly.) The waste water generated in the city must be treated properly.

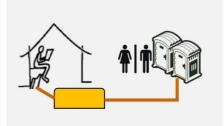
Source: https://www.maharashtra.gov.in/Site/Upload/Government%2oResolutions/English/201703171537468825.pdf

ODF , ODF +, ODF ++ Framework

ODF



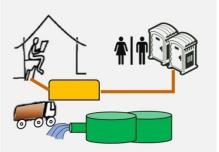




ODF+

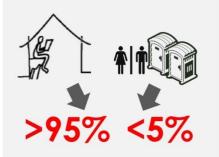


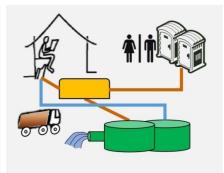




ODF++







Incentives for ODF Cities...

	ODF Cities (Rs.)	Swachh Cities (Rs.)	Linked to Sustainability	
A Class	2 Cr.	2 Cr.	30% released on first validation, if positive 70% released on 2 nd validation after a six	
B Class	1.5 Cr.	1.5 Cr.		
C Class	1 Cr.	ı Cr.	months, if positive	

Sustainability and moving towards ODF+ and ODF++

Government resolution (GR) on ODF+ by GoM

स्वच्छ महाराष्ट्र अभियान (नागरी) अंतर्गत शहरांनी हागणदारी मुक्तीचा दर्जा शाश्वतरित्या टिकविण्याबाबत.

महाराष्ट्र शासन नगर विकास विभाग

शासन परिपत्रक क्रमांक: स्वमअ-२०१७/प्र.क्र.३१/नवि-३४

शहीद भगतिसंग चौक, मादाम कामा मार्ग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई - ४०० ०३२. दिनांक : १७ मार्च, २०१७

वाचा -

शासन निर्णय क्र. नगर विकास विभाग, स्वभाअ-२०१५/प्र.क्र.२३/नवि-३४, दि.१५ मे २०१५.

शासन आदेश –

केंद्र शासनाच्या "स्वच्छ भारत अभियान (नागरी)" च्या धर्तीवर दिनांक १५ मे, २०१५ च्या शासन निर्णयान्वये राज्यामध्ये "स्वच्छ महाराष्ट्र अभियान (नागरी)" ची अंमलबजावणी सुरू झाली आहे. या अभियांनांतर्गत शहरे "हागणदारी मुक्त" करणे व घनकचरा व्यवस्थापनांतर्गत "स्वच्छ" करणे या दोन प्रमुख बाबींचा समावेश आहे.

- २. या अभियानांतर्गत शहरांमधील ज्या कुटुंबांकडे शौचालयाची सुविधा उपलब्ध नसल्याने जी कुटुंबे उघडयावर शौचास जातात, अशा कुटुंबांना वैयक्तीक घरगुती शौचालय (IHHL) अथवा सामुदायीक शौचालयाची (CT) सुविधा उपलब्ध करून देवून शहरे हागणदारी मुक्त करण्यात येत आहेत.
- 3. राज्यातील सार्वजनिक शौचालय वापरणाऱ्या कुटुंबांची संख्या (२१%) देशपातळीवरील सार्वजनिक शौचालय वापरणाऱ्या कुटुंबांच्या संख्येच्या सरासरीपेक्षा जास्त आहे. या अभियानातंर्गत शहरे हागणदारी मुक्त झाल्यानंतर हागणदारी मुक्त शहराचा दर्जा शाश्वत रित्या टिकविण्यासाठी (ODF Sustainability) जास्तीत जास्त कुटुंबांना वैयक्तिक घरगुती शौचालयाची सुविधा उपलब्ध करून देणे आवश्यक आहे. तसेच शहरांमध्ये

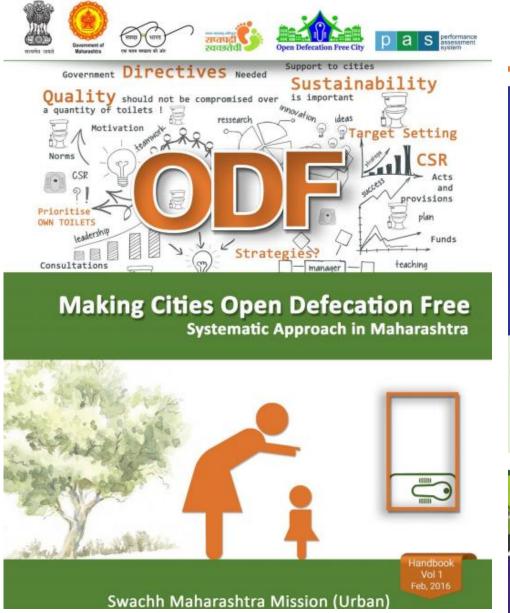
ODF sustainability

■ Moving cities towards
 ODF + and ODF++ by
 constructing more
 individual toilets and
 managing septage and
 WW

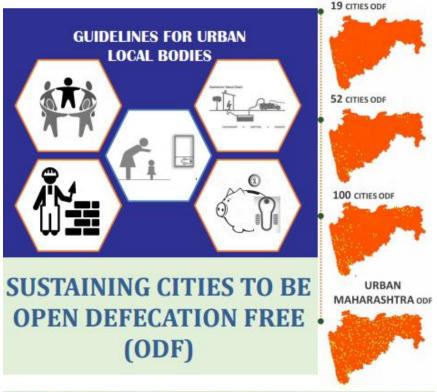
□ Directives to use 14th FC funds and Incentive grant for moving towards ODF + and ODF++

To support implementation of this framework, State has rolled out technical guidelines for the same

ODF Handbook and ODF sustainability guidelines rolled out by the State government









Guidelines for ULBs to implement FSM plans have been rolled out by the state













Guidelines for Septage Management in Maharashtra

February, 2016

Swachh Maharashtra Mission (Urban)

Urban Development Department, Government of Maharashtra

